

## Category Theory 2017 - Exercise sheet 11

1. In the lecture we defined a subobject classifier to be a subobject  $A \twoheadrightarrow \Omega$  such that for any subobject  $X \twoheadrightarrow Y$  there exists a unique map  $f: Y \rightarrow \Omega$  such that  $f^*A = X$ . Deduce from this that  $A = 1$  and hence that this definition coincides with Awodey's.
2. Let  $\mathbb{C}$  be a small category. Recall that we define the presheaf  $\Omega$  by taking  $\Omega(a)$  to be the set of sieves on  $a$ .
  - (a) Show how to define  $\Omega$  on morphisms and check that this is a presheaf.
  - (b) Recall that we define the natural transformation  $\top: 1 \rightarrow \Omega$  by taking  $\top_a(*)$  to be the maximal sieve on  $a$  (the set of all morphisms into  $a$ ). Let  $Y$  be a presheaf, and let  $X$  be a subpresheaf of  $Y$ . Define  $f: Y \rightarrow \Omega$  by taking  $f_c(y)$  to be  $\{\alpha: d \rightarrow c \mid d \in \text{Ob}(\mathbb{C}), y \cdot_B \alpha \in X(d)\}$ . Show that the square below is a pullback:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 X & \longrightarrow & 1 \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \top \\
 Y & \xrightarrow{f} & \Omega
 \end{array}$$

- (c) Show that  $f$  is the unique morphism with this property and deduce that  $\Omega$  is a subobject classifier.
3. Let  $X$  be an object of a category  $\mathbb{C}$ . A *power object on  $X$*  is an object  $PX$ , together with a subobject  $\in_X \twoheadrightarrow X \times PX$  such that for every object  $A$  and every subobject  $S \twoheadrightarrow X \times A$  there exists a unique map  $A \rightarrow PX$  making the diagram below a pullback:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 S & \longrightarrow & \in_X \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 X \times A & \longrightarrow & X \times PX
 \end{array}$$

- (a) Show that in **Sets** every object has a power object.
  - (b) Show that in any *topos* (a category with finite limits, exponentials and a subobject classifier) every object has a power object. (Hint: Take  $PX$  to be  $\Omega^X$ .)
4. A topos is *2-valued* if a coproduct inclusion  $1 \rightarrow 1 + 1$  is a subobject classifier. Show that  $M\mathbf{Sets}$  is 2-valued if and only if  $M$  is a group. (Hint: An *ideal* in a monoid  $M$  is a subset  $I \subseteq M$  such that if  $g \in I$  and  $h \in M$  then  $gh \in I$ . Show that a monoid is a group if and only if the only ideals are  $\emptyset$  and  $M$ .)