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Systeme en Regeltechniek FMT / Mechatronica

Deel 1: Inleidende verkenning

Blok 3: De regelaar als veer-demper combinatie

Gert van Schothorst

Philips Centre for Technical Training (CTT)
Philips Centre for Industrial Technology (CFT)
Hogeschool van Utrecht - PTGroep

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Cursus Systeme en Regeltechniek

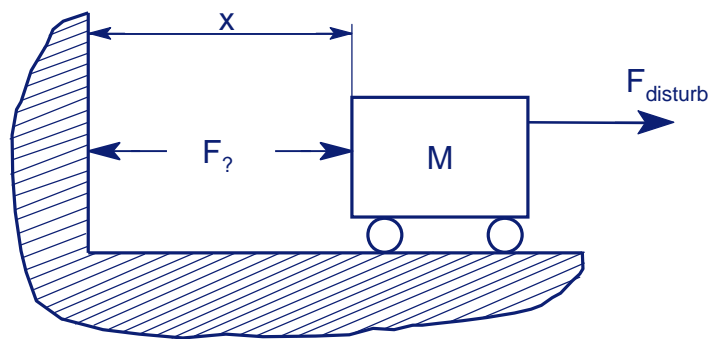
Overzicht

Deel 1	Blok 1. Inleiding
Wo. 14-04	Blok 2. Basisprincipes modelvorming massa-veersystemen
	Blok 3. De regelaar als veer-demper combinatie
Deel 2	Basisbegrippen regeltechniek
Wo. 21-04	
Deel 3	Vervolg regeltechniek
Wo. 28-04	
Deel 4	Stabiliteit van regelsystemen
Wo. 12-05	
Deel 5	Toepassing: PID regelaarontwerp
Wo. 19-05	
Deel 6	Extra regeltechniek
Wo. 26-05	

What does the controller do in a mechatronic system?



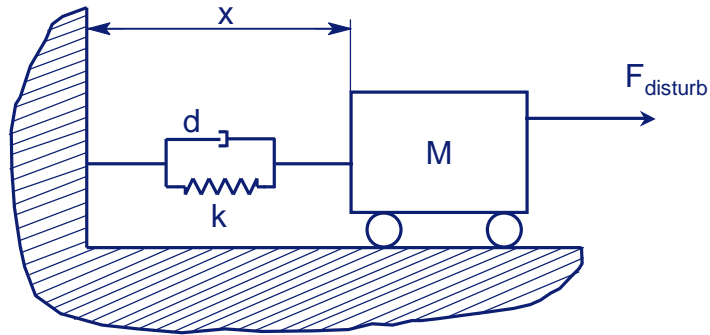
Controlling the position of a mass



Control Objectives:

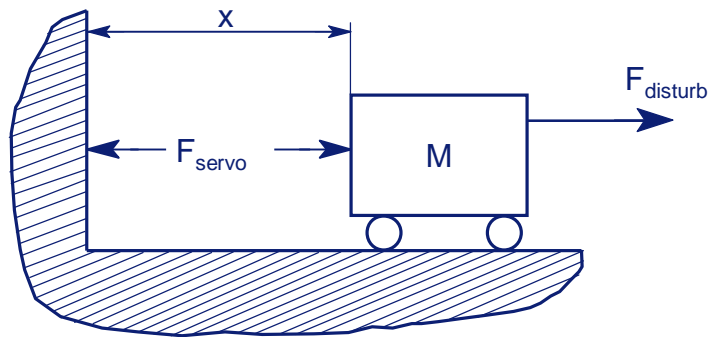
- Getting there
- Staying there ←

First control objective 'staying there':



Spring-damper force $F: F = -kx - d\dot{x}$

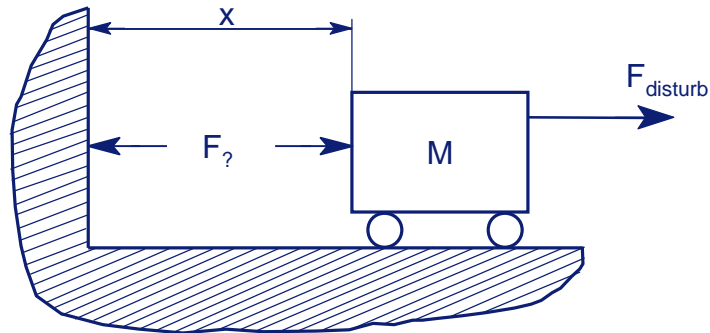
First control objective 'staying there':



Controller: $F_{servo} = -k_p x - k_v \dot{x}$

k_p servo stiffness
 k_v servo damping

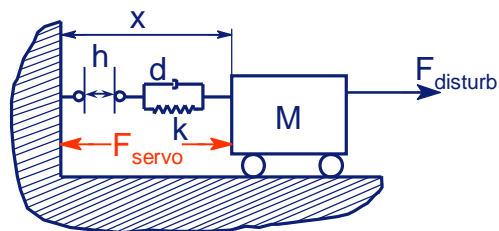
Controlling the position of a mass



Control Objectives:

- Getting there ←
- Staying there

Second control objective 'getting there':

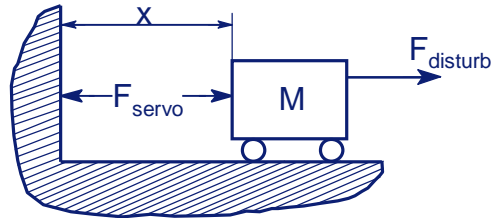


Spring-damper force F : $F = -k(h-x) - d(\dot{h} - \dot{x})$

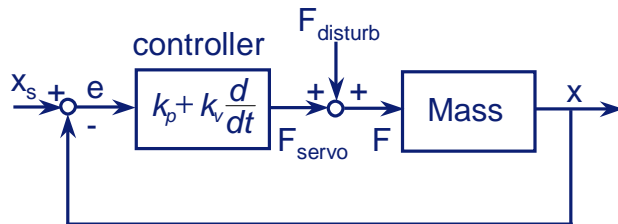
Controller: $F_{servo} = k_p(x_s - x) + k_v(\dot{x}_s - \dot{x})$

(x_s : setpoint)

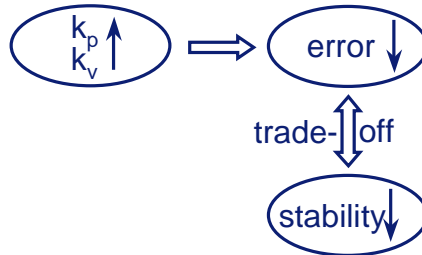
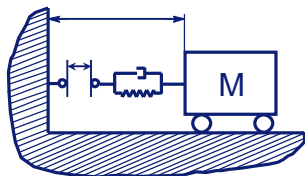
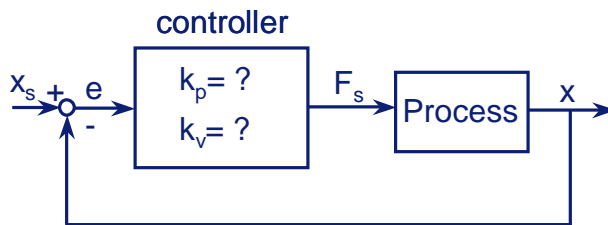
The controlled system



Controller: $F_{servo} = k_p(x_s - x) + k_v(\dot{x}_s - \dot{x})$

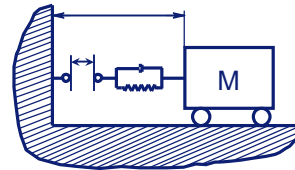
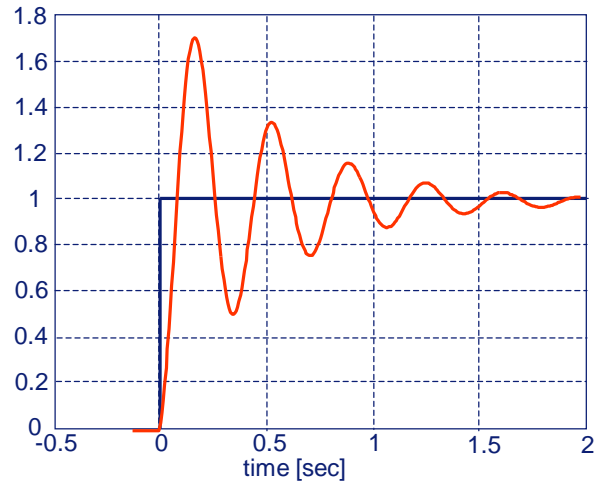


Tuning the K_p / K_v controller



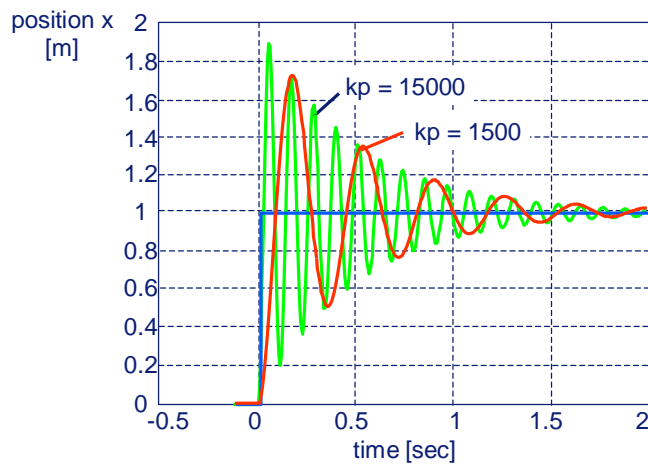
Tuning the K_p / K_v controller

position x [m] Step response; $k_p = 1500$ N/m; $k_v = 20$ Ns/m



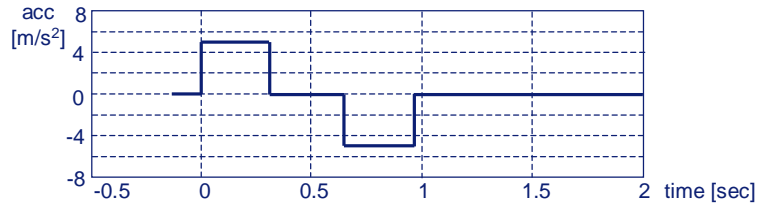
Tuning the K_p / K_v controller

Step response; $k_p = 15000 / 1500$ N/m; $k_v = 20$ Ns/m

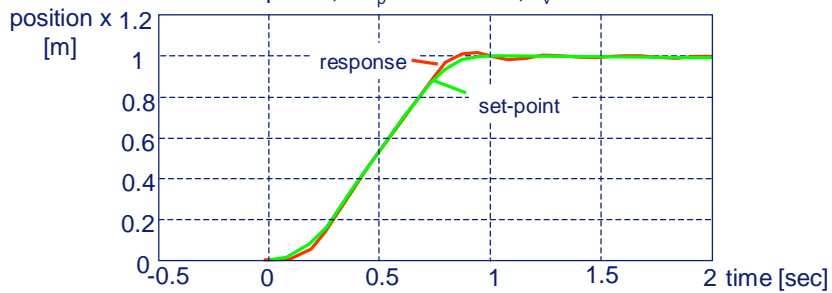


Tuning the K_p / K_v controller

Acceleration profile ($v_{max} = 1.5 \text{ m/s}$)

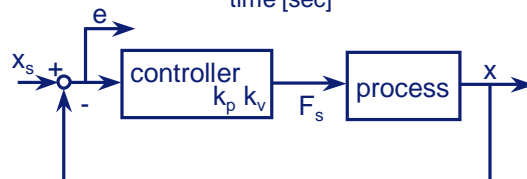
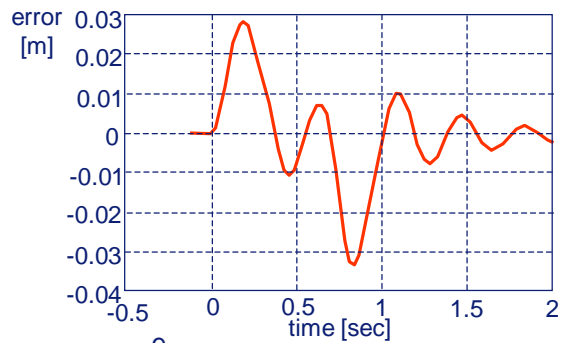


Time response; $k_p = 1500 \text{ N/m}$; $k_v = 20 \text{ Ns/m}$



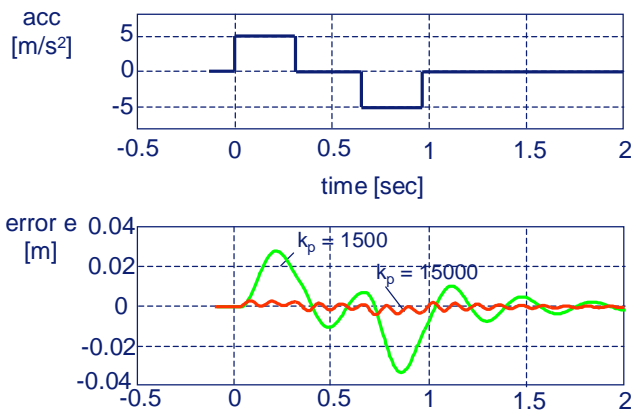
Tuning the K_p / K_v controller

Time response; $k_p = 1500 \text{ N/m}$; $k_v = 20 \text{ Ns/m}$



Tuning the K_p / K_v controller

Time response; $k_p = 15000 / 1500 \text{ N/m}$; $k_v = 20 \text{ Ns/m}$



Summary

- Controlling the position of a mass:
 - Staying there
 - Getting there
- K_p controller as spring (reduce error)
- K_v controller as damper (stability)
- Setpoint to get there

Exercise with 20-sim

