

# A cyclic proof system for Guarded Kleene Algebra with Tests

(j.w.w. Dexter Kozen & Alexandra Silva)

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The Proof Society Workshop

11 November 2022

# Syntax

**Syntax**

$a, b ::= t \in T \mid a + b \mid a \cdot b \mid \bar{a} \mid 0 \mid 1$

$e, f ::= p \in \Sigma \mid e \cdot f \mid e +_b f \mid e^{(b)}$

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**Intuition** Imperative programs

**Fragments**  $KA \subset KAT \supset GKAT$

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$$\text{At} = 2^T \quad \text{GS} = \{\alpha_0 p_1 \alpha_1 \cdots p_n \alpha_n \mid n \geq 0\} \quad \llbracket e \rrbracket \subseteq \mathcal{P}(\text{GS})$$

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**Intuition**      Atoms are states of the machine, programs are executions.

**Determinacy**      For every  $\alpha_0 p_1 x$  and  $\beta_0 q_1 y$  in  $\llbracket e \rrbracket$ :  $\alpha_0 = \beta_0 \Rightarrow p_1 = q_1$ .

## Example

```
while a do
  if b then
    p;
  else
    q;
  end
end
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$$\alpha p \beta q \gamma \in \llbracket (p + b q)^{(a)} \rrbracket$$
$$\Downarrow$$
$$\alpha \leq a, b$$
$$\beta \leq a, \bar{b}$$
$$\gamma \leq \bar{a}$$

## Some earlier results<sup>1</sup>

- ▶  $\llbracket e \rrbracket = \llbracket f \rrbracket \Leftrightarrow \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{A}_e) = \mathcal{L}(\mathbb{A}_f)$ .

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- ▶ Completeness of eGKAT is unknown.

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# Proof Theory

	Sound	Complete
eGKAT		

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## First result: no multisets needed

SKA

$$\frac{e \Rightarrow f}{e \Rightarrow f + g} \text{ +-}r_1$$

$$\frac{e \Rightarrow g}{e \Rightarrow f + g} \text{ +-}r_2$$

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HKA

$$\frac{e \Rightarrow [f, g]}{e \Rightarrow f + g} \text{+-}r$$

SGKAT

$$\frac{b \cdot e \Rightarrow f \quad \bar{b} \cdot e \Rightarrow f}{e \Rightarrow f +_b g} \text{+-}r$$

## Future work

- ▶ What is the complexity of proof search?

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- ▶ What is the complexity of proof search?
- ▶ Use SGKAT to prove completeness of eGKAT or some other algebraic axiomatisation.

Thank you!

## Left logical rules

$$\frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|b} \Delta}{b, \Gamma \Rightarrow_A \Delta} \text{ } b-l$$

$$\frac{e, g, \Gamma \Rightarrow_A \Delta}{e \cdot g, \Gamma \Rightarrow_A \Delta} \text{ } \cdot-l$$

$$\frac{e, \Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|b} \Delta \quad e, \Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|\bar{b}} \Delta}{e +_b f, \Gamma \Rightarrow_A \Delta} \text{ } +_{b-l}$$

$$\frac{e, e^{(b)}, \Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|b} \Delta \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|\bar{b}} \Delta}{e^{(b)}, \Gamma \Rightarrow_A \Delta} \text{ } (b)-l$$

## Right logical rules

$$(\dagger) \frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow_A \Delta}{\Gamma \Rightarrow_A b, \Delta} \text{ } b-r$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow_A e, f, \Delta}{\Gamma \Rightarrow_A e \cdot f, \Delta} \text{ } \cdot-r$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|b} e, \Delta \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|\bar{b}} f, \Delta}{\Gamma \Rightarrow_A e +_b f, \Delta} \text{ } +_{b-r}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|b} e, e^{(b)}, \Delta \quad \Gamma \Rightarrow_{A|\bar{b}} \Delta}{\Gamma \Rightarrow_A e^{(b)}, \Delta} \text{ } (b)-r$$

## Axioms and modal rule

$$\frac{}{\varepsilon \Rightarrow_A \varepsilon} \text{ id}$$

$$\frac{}{\Gamma \Rightarrow_{\emptyset} \Delta} \perp$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \Rightarrow_{At} \Delta}{p, \Gamma \Rightarrow_A p, \Delta} \text{ } k$$

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$$A \upharpoonright b = \{\alpha \in A : \alpha \leq b\}$$

$$(\dagger) A \upharpoonright b = A.$$