

Asymptotic Spectrum Duality

Asymptotic spectrum duality: proof.

1. Shannon capacity
2. Duality
3. Proof
 - 3.1 Strassen preorder
 - 3.2 Closure
 - 3.3 Extension
 - 3.4 Totality
4. Compactness

1. Shannon capacity and duality

$$G \leq H : \Leftrightarrow \exists \text{ cohom. } G \rightarrow H$$

$$\alpha(G) = \text{ind. nr.}$$

$$\alpha(C_5) = |\{0, 2\}|$$

$G \boxtimes H$ strong product

$$\omega(G) := \sup_n \alpha(G^{\boxtimes n})^{1/n}$$

$$\alpha(C_5^{\boxtimes 2}) = |\{ (0,0), (1,2), (2,4), (3,1), (4,3) \}|$$

k	$\omega(C_k)$	
5	2.23	2.23
7	3.25	3.31
9	4.32	4.36
11	5.28	5.38
13	6.27	6.40
15	7.30	7.41

2.5 [Shannon 56, Lovasz 79]

3.5 [PS 18]

constant "C_g" in Tao's

4.5 [Baumert et al. 71] list of important constants

5.5 "

6.5 "

7.5 [de Boer, Buys, Zuiddam 24]

Asymptotic
behaviour

$$\alpha(G) \rightsquigarrow \Theta(G)$$

$$\leq \rightsquigarrow \leq$$

"Asymptotic
spectrum"

X

Duality

Constructing elements of X

- Lovasz theta function
- fractional Haemer bound
- fractional orth. rank
- fractional clique cover number

Structure of X

- Compactness
- Convexity
- Complexity
- Distance

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Algebraic geometry

Hilbert

$$\mathbb{C}[x_1, \dots, x_n] \ni 3 + x_1^2 + x_2 x_3$$

$$I = (p_1 = 0, p_2 = 0, \dots) \quad \text{eqs.}$$

$$\mathcal{Z}(I) = \{a : p_1(a) = 0, p_2(a) = 0, \dots\} \\ \subseteq \mathbb{C}^n \quad \text{zero locus}$$

$$\bullet \quad I(\mathcal{Z}(I)) = \sqrt{I}$$

$$\bullet \quad q = 0 \text{ on } \mathcal{Z}(I)$$

$$\Rightarrow \exists k, q^k \in I$$

"Asymptotic" real geometry

Strassen

$$\mathbb{N}[G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n] \ni E_3 \sqcup G_1^{\boxtimes 2} \sqcup G_2^{\boxtimes} G_3$$

$$I = (p_1 \leq q_1, p_2 \leq q_2, \dots) = (\leq) \quad \text{ineqs.}$$

$$N(I) = \{a : p_1(a) \leq q_1(a), p_2(a) \leq q_2(a), \dots\} \\ \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^n \quad \text{nonnegative locus} = X$$

$$\bullet \quad I(N(I)) = (\leq)$$

$$\bullet \quad q_1 \leq q_2 \text{ on } N(I)$$

$$\Rightarrow q_1^k \leq q_2^{k + o(k)} \text{ in } I$$

Algebraic geometry

Hilbert

$$I \subseteq \sqrt{I} = \bigcap_{\mathfrak{m} \supseteq I} \mathfrak{m}$$

proper
maximal
ideals

$$(x_1 - a_1, x_2 - a_2, \dots)$$

evaluation in $\mathbb{C}^n$

"Asymptotic" real geometry

Strassen

$$\leq \subseteq \preceq = \bigcap_{\preceq \supseteq \leq} \preceq$$

"maximal
Strassen
preorders"

$$\phi \in X : G_1 \mapsto a_1, G_2 \mapsto a_2, \dots$$

-evaluation in $\mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^n$

challenge: Find X !

2. Duality

Notation

- $(\mathcal{R}, +, \cdot, 0, 1)$ = semiring of graphs with $\sqcup, \boxtimes, E_0, E_1$
(commutative)
isomorphism classes of

$\begin{matrix} E_0 & E_1 \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ 0 & 1 \end{matrix}$
- $G \leq H$ iff cohomomorphism $G \rightarrow H$
- $\alpha(G) = \max \{n \in \mathbb{N} : n \leq G\}$.
- $\stackrel{\sim}{\approx}$ asymptotic cohom. $G \stackrel{\sim}{\approx} H \Leftrightarrow G^{\mathbb{K}} \leq 2^{o(\mathbb{K})} H^{\mathbb{K}}$
 $\Leftrightarrow G^{\mathbb{K}} \leq H^{\mathbb{K} + o(\mathbb{K})}$

Asymptotic spectrum

$$X = \{ \phi : \mathcal{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} : \phi(0) = 0, \phi(1) = 1, \forall G, H \quad \phi(GH) = \phi(G)\phi(H), \\ \phi(G+H) = \phi(G) + \phi(H), G \leq H \Rightarrow \phi(G) \leq \phi(H) \}.$$

Main Theorem $\forall G, H, G \stackrel{\sim}{\approx} H \Leftrightarrow \forall \phi \in X, \phi(G) \leq \phi(H)$

$$(\Rightarrow) G^{\mathbb{K}} \leq 2^{o(\mathbb{K})} H^{\mathbb{K}} \Rightarrow \phi(G^{\mathbb{K}}) \leq \phi(2^{o(\mathbb{K})} H^{\mathbb{K}}) \Rightarrow \phi(G)^{\mathbb{K}} \leq 2^{o(\mathbb{K})} \phi(H)^{\mathbb{K}} \Rightarrow \phi(G) \leq \phi(H)$$

□

Main Theorem $\forall G, H, G \lesssim H \iff \forall \phi \in X, \phi(G) \leq \phi(H)$



Corollary $\forall G, \Theta(G) = \min_{\phi \in X} \phi(G)$

Proof $m \leq H \Rightarrow m \leq \phi(H) \Rightarrow \alpha(H) \leq \phi(H)$
 $\Rightarrow \alpha(G^n) \leq \phi(G^n) = \phi(G)^n \Rightarrow \sup_n \alpha(G^n)^{1/n} \leq \phi(G).$

$\Rightarrow$ • Suppose $\forall \phi \in X, \phi(G) \geq r$
• $\phi(G^n) \geq \lfloor r^n \rfloor$ make RHS integer
• $G^n \gtrsim \lfloor r^n \rfloor$ duality theorem
• $G^{nm + o_n(m)} \gtrsim \lfloor r^n \rfloor^m$ definition of $\lesssim$
• $\Theta(G^n) \geq \lfloor r^n \rfloor^{1/(1+o_n(1))} \rightarrow \lfloor r^n \rfloor \quad m \rightarrow \infty$
• $\Theta(G) \geq \lfloor r^n \rfloor^{1/n} \rightarrow r \quad n \rightarrow \infty.$

3. Proof.

3.1 Strassen preorder

Commutative semiring R

Preorder

Reflexive and transitive relation $\preceq$

Strassen preorder

Preorder $\preceq$ such that:

$$(1) \quad \forall G, H, K, \quad G \preceq H \Rightarrow GK \preceq HK \text{ and } G+K \preceq H+K$$

$$(2) \quad \forall n, m \in \mathbb{N}, \quad n \leq m \text{ in } \mathbb{N} \iff n \preceq m \quad (\text{i.e. } E_n \preceq E_m)$$

$$(3) \quad \forall G \neq 0, \exists n, \quad 1 \preceq G \preceq n \quad \text{"Archimedean"}$$

Example

Cohomomorphism order on graphs

3.2 Closure

Closure For any Strassen preorder $\preceq$ define the **closure** $\preceq_{\sim}$ by
 $G \preceq_{\sim} H : \Leftrightarrow G^n \preceq 2^{O(n)} H^n$

Closed We call $\preceq$ **closed** if $\preceq_{\sim} = \preceq$.

Lemma $\preceq_{\sim}$ is closed. (i.e. $\preceq_{\sim} = \preceq_{\sim}$)

Lemma If $\preceq$ is closed, then $\forall G, H, K$

(1) $G + K \preceq H + K \Rightarrow G \preceq H$

(2) $K \neq 0$ and $GK \preceq HK \Rightarrow G \preceq H$

(3) $\forall n, nG \preceq nH + K \Rightarrow G \preceq H$

$\exists n, nG \not\preceq nH + 1 \Leftarrow G \not\preceq H$

• $G^n K \preceq H^n K$

• $G^n \preceq 2^{O(n)} H^n$

• $G \preceq_{\sim} H$

additive cancellation

multiplicative cancellation

gap property

3.3 Extension

Lemma (One-step extension) Let $\preceq$ be closed. Suppose $G \not\preceq H$.

Then $\exists$ Strassen preorder $\preceq \subseteq \preceq'$ such that $H \preceq' G$.

Proof Define $\preceq'$ by: $U \preceq' V \iff \exists W, U + WG \preceq V + WH$

Check:

- extension: $\preceq \subseteq \preceq'$ (pick $W=0$)
- $H \preceq' G$ (pick $W=1$, $H + G \preceq G + H \Rightarrow H \preceq' G$)
- Strassen preorder (exercise)

e.g. to prove $n \preceq' m \Rightarrow n \leq m$ in $\mathbb{N}$:

$\exists W, n + WG \preceq m + WH$. Suppose $n > m$.

Then $1 + WG \preceq WH$ (additive cancellation for closed preorder)

So $WG \preceq WH$. So $G \preceq H$ (multiplicative cancellation $\nrightarrow$)

□

Lemma (Maximal extension) Every Strassen preorder has a maximal Strassen extension (which is then closed and total).

Proof Let $\preceq$ be a Strassen preorder.

We will use Zorn's lemma.

Let $\mathcal{P}$ be the set of all Strassen preorders extending $\preceq$ ordered by inclusion.

Let $\mathcal{C} \subseteq \mathcal{P}$ be any chain. Then $\bigcup \mathcal{C}$ is in $\mathcal{P}$ and contains all preorders in $\mathcal{C}$.

Then by Zorn's lemma $\mathcal{P}$ contains a maximal element.

Maximal $\Rightarrow$ closed (otherwise the closure is larger).

Maximal & closed $\Rightarrow$ total (otherwise can do one-step extension) $\square$.

3.4 Totality

let $\preceq$ be a Strassen preorder

Fractional rank $\rho(G) := \inf \left\{ \frac{n}{m} : mG \preceq n \right\}$

Fractional subrank $\sigma(G) := \sup \left\{ \frac{n}{m} : n \preceq mG \right\}$

Lemma. • $\sigma \leq \rho$

- ρ is sub-add, sub-mult, norm., $\preceq$ -mon.
- σ is super-add, super-mult, norm., $\preceq$ -mon.

Theorem If $\preceq$ is total, then $\sigma = \rho$ and is thus a $\preceq$ -mon. hom.

Proof Suppose $\sigma(G) < \frac{n}{m} < \rho(G)$

Then $n \not\preceq mG$

So $mG \preceq n$ (totality) so $\rho(G) \leq \frac{n}{m} \nless \square$.

Theorem $G \leq H \iff \forall \phi \in X, \phi(G) \leq \phi(H).$

Proof $\Rightarrow$ is easy

$\Leftarrow$ Suppose $G \not\leq H$. (To prove: $\exists \phi \in X, \phi(G) < \phi(H)$.)

By the **gap property**, $\exists n, nG \not\leq nH + 1$

Extend $\leq$ to a Strassen preorder $\leq'$ such that $nG + 1 \leq' nH$

Extend $\leq'$ to a (maximal, closed) **total** Strassen preorder $\leq''$.

Then $nG + 1 \leq'' nH$

Let $\phi = \kappa = \rho$ be the corresponding $\leq''$ -mon. hom, $\phi \in X$.

Then $\phi(nG + 1) \leq \phi(nH)$ so $\phi(G) + \frac{1}{n} \leq \phi(H)$ so $\phi(G) < \phi(H)$ $\square$.

4. Compactness

Topology • $X = \{ \phi \cdot \text{mon hom.} \} \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{\mathbb{R}}$

- $\forall G \in \mathbb{R}, \text{ev}_G : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0} : \phi \mapsto \phi(G)$
- Give X coarsest topology making all ev_G continuous.

Theorem. X is compact

Proof $X \subseteq \prod_G [0, |G|] \subseteq \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{\mathbb{R}}$. To prove: X is closed.

$\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{compact}}$
 $\underbrace{\quad}_{\text{compact (Tychonoff)}}$

$X = X_{\text{mon}} \cap X_{\text{norm}} \cap X_{\text{submult}} \cap \dots$ intersection of closed sets

e.g. $X_{\text{norm}} := \text{ev}_0^{-1}(\{0\}) \cap \text{ev}_1^{-1}(\{1\})$ closed

□

