

Subrank, Partition Rank and Slice Rank

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$$T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$$

Definition Tensor rank $R(T)$

minimize \rightarrow

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^r u_i \otimes v_i \otimes w_i$$

equiv.:

$$T = U \otimes V \otimes W \cdot \sum_{i=1}^r e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_i$$

Applications

- Matrix multiplication
- Arithmetic complexity [Raz]

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Applications

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- Arithmetic complexity [Raz]

Definition Subrank $Q(T)$

maximize

$$\sum_{i=1}^s e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_i = U \otimes V \otimes W \cdot T$$

Applications

- Matrix multiplication
- Additive combinatorics

For generic $T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$, $R(T) \approx n^2$ (maximal)

Easy: $Q(T) \leq n$

Recall: $\sum_{i=1}^s e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_i = U \otimes V \otimes W \cdot T$

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① Generic subrank

Theorem [Kopparty, Z]

For generic $T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$, $Q(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$

Note Surprisingly small, in particular given that generic rank is maximal.

Definition Slice rank $SR(T)$ $u_i \otimes v_i \otimes w_i$

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^a \sum_j u_i \otimes v_{ij} \otimes w_{ij} + \sum_{i=1}^b \sum_j u'_{ij} \otimes v'_i \otimes w'_{ij}$$

minimize $a+b+c$

$$+ \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_j u''_{ij} \otimes v''_{ij} \otimes w''_i$$

Definition Slice rank $SR(T)$

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^a \sum_j u_i \otimes v_{ij} \otimes w_{ij} + \sum_{i=1}^b \sum_j u'_{ij} \otimes v'_i \otimes w'_{ij}$$

minimize $a+b+c$

$$+ \sum_{i=1}^c \sum_j u''_{ij} \otimes v''_j \otimes w''_i$$

Remark • $\mathcal{Q}(T) \leq SR(T)$

• for generic T , $\mathcal{Q}(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$ while $SR(T) = n$

• Subrank and slice rank very different generically!

Theorem For generic $T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$: $\mathcal{Q}(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$

$$S \subseteq [n] \times [n] \times [n]$$

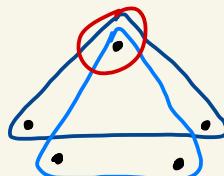
Maximal points : $\text{Max}(S) = \{ \text{coordinate-wise maximal points in } S \}$

Example :

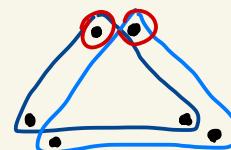
$$S = \{(2,1,1), (1,2,1), (1,2,2)\}, \quad \text{Max}(S) = \{(2,1,1), (1,2,2)\}$$

Cover number : $\text{cov}(S)$ = vertex cover number of S as 3-partite hypergraph.

Example: $S = \{(1,1,1), (1,2,2)\}$ $S = \{(1,1,2), (2,2,1)\}$



1



2

$$T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$$

Support: $\text{Supp}(T) \subseteq [n] \times [n] \times [n]$

Action: $g \in \text{GL}_n^{x3}, g \cdot T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$

Cover number: $\text{cov}(T) := \max_{g \in \text{GL}_n^{x3}} \text{cov}(\text{Max}(\text{Supp}(g \cdot T)))$

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Example: $T = \sum_{i=1}^s e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_i \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n} \Rightarrow g \cdot T = \sum_{i=1}^s e_i \otimes e_i \otimes e_{s-i}$

$$\text{Supp}(g \cdot T) = \{(i, i, s-i) : i \in [s]\} \stackrel{!}{=} \text{Max}(\text{Supp}(T))$$

$$s \leq \text{cov}(T)$$

Lemma 1 $Q(T) \leq \text{cov}(T)$

Follows from ↑

Lemma 2 $\text{cov}(T) \leq 3n^{2/3}$ for generic $T \in \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$.

Proof sketch

① There is a nonempty open $U \subseteq \mathbb{F}^{n \times n \times n}$ such that

$$\forall T \in U \quad \forall g \in \text{GL}_n^{>3} \quad |\text{Supp}(g \cdot T)| \geq n^3 - 3n^2 \quad [\text{Bürgisser}]$$

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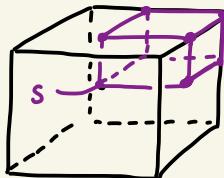
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② For $S \subseteq [n] \times [n] \times [n]$, if $|S| \geq n^3 - 3n^2$, then

$$\text{Max}(S) \subseteq \left\{ s \in [n]^3 : \prod_i (n - s_i + 1) \leq 3n^2 + 1 \right\}$$



$$\approx \left\{ s \in [n]^3 : \prod_i s_i \leq n^2 \right\}$$

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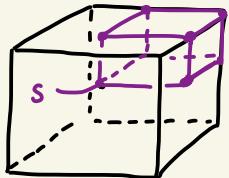
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③ $\text{cov}(\square) \leq 3n^{2/3}$ since $\forall s \exists i \quad s_i \leq n^{2/3}$

$\approx \square$