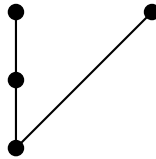


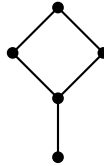
**MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES IN LOGIC 2017**  
**HOMEWORK 3**

- Deadline: March 20 — at the **beginning** of class.
- In exceptional cases homework can be submitted electronically (in a single pdf-file!) to Mees de Vries ([mees.devries@student.uva.nl](mailto:mees.devries@student.uva.nl)).
- Grading is from 0 to 100 points.
- Success!

(1) (20pt) Draw the Heyting algebra of all up-sets of the poset drawn below.



(2) (20pt) Let  $A$  be the Heyting algebra drawn below.



Find an embedding  $\iota: A \hookrightarrow \prod_{i \in I} A_i$  of HAs such that for each  $i \in I$  the algebra  $A_i$  is a linear HA and  $\pi_i \circ \iota: A \rightarrow A_i$  is surjective.

(3) (20pt) Recall that a topological space is called  $T_0$  if for each  $x \neq y$  there exists an open set  $U$  such that  $(x \in U \text{ and } y \notin U)$  or  $(y \in U \text{ and } x \notin U)$ .

Let  $(X, \leq)$  be a pre-ordered set (i.e.,  $\leq$  is reflexive and transitive). Let  $(X, \tau)$  be the corresponding Alexandroff topology. What is a necessary and sufficient condition on  $\leq$  so that  $(X, \tau)$  is a  $T_0$ -space. Justify your solution.

(4) (40pt) Let  $A$  be a Heyting algebra and  $\text{Rg}(A) = \{\neg\neg a : a \in A\}$ . Then  $\text{Rg}(A)$  is a Boolean algebra, where  $a \dot{\vee} b = \neg\neg(a \vee b)$ . Show that

(a)  $\text{Rg}(A) = \{a = \neg\neg a : a \in A\}$ .

(b) Show that  $\neg\neg : A \rightarrow \text{Rg}(A)$  is a  $\vee$ -homomorphism (i.e., that it commutes with the operation  $\vee$ . (In fact, it also commutes with  $\rightarrow$  and  $\wedge$ , but you do not have to show that.)