

## Problems 6

1. Consider variation of the inverse metric  $(g^{\mu\nu})$ ,  $\delta g^{\mu\nu}$ .

(a) Show  $\delta g_{\mu\nu} = -g_{\mu\rho}g_{\nu\sigma}\delta g^{\rho\sigma}$ .

(b) By noting that  $\delta g^{\mu\nu}$  is the tensor and also by using  $\nabla_\mu g^{\alpha\beta} = 0$ , show that the covariant derivative of the metric variation satisfies

$$\nabla_\mu(\delta g^{\alpha\beta}) = -(\delta\Gamma_{\mu\lambda}^\alpha)g^{\lambda\beta} - (\delta\Gamma_{\mu\lambda}^\beta)g^{\alpha\lambda}, \quad (1)$$

where  $\delta\Gamma_{\mu\nu}^\rho$  is the variation of the connection associated with  $\delta g^{\mu\nu}$ .

(c) Using Eq. (1), show

$$\delta\Gamma_{\mu\nu}^\sigma = -\frac{1}{2} \left[ g_{\lambda\mu} \nabla_\nu(\delta g^{\lambda\sigma}) + g_{\lambda\nu} \nabla_\mu(\delta g^{\lambda\sigma}) - g_{\mu\alpha}g_{\nu\beta} \nabla^\sigma(\delta g^{\alpha\beta}) \right], \quad (2)$$

which is Eq. (4.54) in the lecture.

2. (a) As Eq. (2) shows,  $\delta\Gamma_{\mu\nu}^\sigma$  is the tensor. Keeping this in mind, show the variation of the Riemann tensor is given as

$$\delta R^\rho{}_{\mu\lambda\nu} = \nabla_\lambda(\delta\Gamma_{\nu\mu}^\rho) - \nabla_\nu(\delta\Gamma_{\lambda\mu}^\rho) \quad (3)$$

(b) Using Eq. (2), show

$$g^{\mu\nu}\delta\Gamma_{\mu\nu}^\sigma - g^{\mu\sigma}\delta\Gamma_{\lambda\mu}^\lambda = g_{\mu\nu}\nabla^\sigma(\delta g^{\mu\nu}) - \nabla_\lambda(\delta g^{\sigma\lambda}). \quad (4)$$

These results are used to derive Eq. (4.57) in the lecture.